

Designation: B 196/B 196M - 07

Standard Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Rod and Bar¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 196/B 196M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification establishes the requirements for copper-beryllium alloy rod and bar in straight lengths. The following three alloys are included:

Copper Alloy	Previously Used	Nominal Beryllium
UNS No.	Designations	Content, %
C17000	Alloy 165	1.7
C17200	Alloy 25	1.9
C17300		1.9
		+0 4 lead

- 1.2 Unless otherwise required, Copper Alloy UNS No. C17200 shall be the alloy furnished whenever Specification B 196/B 196M is specified without any alloy designation.
- 1.3 The values stated in either inch-pounds or SI units are to be regarded separately as the standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents in the current issue of the Book of Standards form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards: ²

- B 194 Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar
- B 249/B 249M Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Rod, Bar, Shapes and Forgings
- B 601 Classification for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Cast
- B 846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys
- E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- E 8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials [Metric]

3. General Requirements

- 3.1 The following sections of Specification B 249/B 249M constitute a part of this specification:
 - 3.1.1 Terminology;
 - 3.1.2 Dimensions and Permissible Variations;
 - 3.1.3 Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance;
 - 3.1.4 Sampling;
 - 3.1.5 Number of Tests and Retests;
 - 3.1.6 Specimen Preparation;
 - 3.1.7 Test Methods;
 - 3.1.8 Significance of Numerical Limits;
 - 3.1.9 Inspection;
 - 3.1.10 Rejection and Rehearing;
 - 3.1.11 Certification;
 - 3.1.12 Mill Test Report;
 - 3.1.13 Packaging and Package Marking; and
 - 3.1.14 Heat Identification
- 3.2 In addition, when a section with a title identical to that referenced in 3.1 above appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements which supplement those appearing in Specification B 249/B 249M.

4. Terminology

- 4.1 For terms related to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B 846.
 - 4.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 4.2.1 *Heat*—A heat shall be the result of castings poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.02 on Rod, Bar, Wire, Shapes and Forgings.

Current edition approved April 1, 2007. Published April 2007. Originally approved in 1945 to replace portions of B 120-41 T. Last previous edition approved in 2003 as B 196/B 196M-03.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

4.2.2 *Lot*—The lot shall be a heat or fraction thereof.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for products should include the following information, as applicable:
 - 5.1.1 ASTM specification designation and year of issue,
 - 5.1.2 Quantity,
 - 5.1.3 Copper Alloy UNS No. designation (Section 1),
- 5.1.4 Form of material (rod or bar and cross section, such as round, hexagonal, and so forth),
 - 5.1.5 Temper (Section 8),
- 5.1.6 Dimensions (diameter or distance between parallel surfaces, and length),
- 5.1.7 How furnished (stock or specific lengths, with or without ends), and
- 5.1.8 When material is ordered for agencies of the U.S. government (See Section 11).
- 5.2 The following options are available and should be specified in the contract or purchase order when required:
- 5.2.1 Type of edge (square corners, rounded corners, rounded edge, full-rounded edge),
- 5.2.2 Mechanical properties (tension test and hardness) (Section 10),
 - 5.2.3 Certification, and
 - 5.2.4 Mill Test Report.

6. Materials and Manufacture

- 6.1 Material:
- 6.1.1 The material of manufacture shall be Copper Alloy UNS No. C17000, C17200, or C17300, cast and worked and of such purity and soundness as to be suitable for processing into the products prescribed herein.
- 6.1.2 Heat traceability shall be maintained and reported on the Mill Test Report or Certification.
 - 6.2 *Manufacture*:
- 6.2.1 The product shall be produced with a combination hot working, cold working, and thermal processing to produce a uniform wrought structure and the specified temper.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 The material shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in Table 1 for Copper Alloy UNS No. designation specified in the ordering information.
- 7.2 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. Limits for unnamed elements may be

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

	Composition,%						
Element	C	Copper Alloy UNS No.					
	C17000	C17200	C17300				
Beryllium	1.60-1.85	1.80-2.00	1.80-2.00				
Nickel + cobalt, min	0.20	0.20	0.20				
Nickel + cobalt + iron, max	0.6	0.6	0.6				
Aluminum, max	0.20	0.20	0.20				
Silicon, max	0.20	0.20	0.20				
Lead			0.20-0.6				
Copper	remainder	remainder	remainder				

established and analysis required by agreement between the manufacturer, or supplier, and purchaser.

- 7.3 Copper is customarily given as remainder, but may be taken as the difference between the sum of all elements analyzed and 100 %.
- 7.4 When all the elements in Table 1 are determined, the sum of results shall be 99.5 % min.

8. Temper

8.1 The standard temper designations available under this specification and as specified in Practice B 601 are solution heat-treated TB00 (A), and cold-drawn hard TD04 (H), (see Table 2) to be precipitation heat treated by the user. Also available are products already precipitation heat treated by the manufacturer, tempers TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT). These products meet property requirements in Table 3 and normally require no further heat treatment by the user.

9. Precipitation Heat Treatment

- 9.1 The precipitation heat treatment is performed on TB00 (A) and TD04 (H) tempers by the purchaser, after machining or forming.
- 9.2 Conformance to the TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT) specification limits shown in Table 3, for products supplied in the TB00 (A) or the TD04 (H) tempers, shall be determined by testing test specimens heat treated at a uniform temperature of 600 to 675°F (316 to 357°C) for the times shown in Table 4.
- 9.3 End products may be heat treated at other times and temperatures for specific applications. These special combinations of properties such as increased ductility, electrical conductivity, dimensional accuracy, endurance life, and resistance to elastic drift and hysteresis in springs, may be obtained by special precipitation-hardening heat treatments. The mechanical requirements of Table 3 do not apply to such special heat treatments. Specific test requirements as needed shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer or supplier and purchaser of the end product.
- 9.4 TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT) tempers as standard mill-hardened products have been precipitation heat treated and tested by the manufacturer for conformance to the specification limits shown in Table 3. Further thermal treatments of these tempers are not normally required.

10. Mechanical Property Requirements

- 10.1 Tensile Test Requirements:
- 10.1.1 The tension test, in accordance with Test Methods E 8 or 8M, shall be the standard test for rod (round, hexagonal, and octagonal) and bar (square) having a nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces up to 3/8 in. [10 mm] incl, and other shapes having a nominal cross-sectional area up to 0.141 in.² [100 mm²], incl. The tensile strength requirements shall be prescribed in Table 2 and Table 3 after precipitation heat treatment in accordance with 8.1.
 - 10.2 Rockwell Hardness Requirements:
- 10.2.1 Hardness shall be the standard test for round, hexagonal, octagonal, and square rod larger than ³/₈ in. [1 mm] nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces and other shapes having a nominal cross-sectional area exceeding

TABLE 2 Solution Heat-Treated and Solution Heat-Treated and Cold-Worked Mechanical Property Requirements

	Temper Designation		or Maximum e Between	T 11 T 11					
Standar	rd Former	Paralle in.	I Surfaces mm	Tensile Strength, ksi	Tensile Strength, MPa	Yield Strength, min 0.2 % offset, ksi	MPa	Rockwell Hardness, B Scale	Elongation in $4 \times D^A$, min, %
TB00	Solution heat treated (A)		all sizes	60–85	410–590	20	140	45–85	20
TD04	Hard (H)	up to 3/8, incl. over 3/8 to 1 incl. over 1 to 3, incl.	up to 10 over 10 to 25 incl. over 25 to 75	90–130 90–125 85–120	620–900 620–860 590–830	75 75 75	520 520 520	88–103 88–102 88–101	8 8 8

^A $4 \times D = 4 \times$ diameter.

- 0.141 in.² [3.6 mm]. The hardness requirements shall be as prescribed in Table 2 for solution heat treated or solution heat treated and cold worked and in Table 4 after prescribed heat treatment. The tension test should not be made except when indicated by the purchaser.
- 10.2.2 Where agreement on Rockwell hardness tests cannot be reached, the tensile strength requirements of Tables 2 and 3 shall be the basis for acceptance or rejection.

11. Purchases for U. S. Government

11.1 When specified in the contract or purchase order, product purchased for an agency of the U. S. government shall conform to the special government requirements specified in the Supplementary Requirements section of Specification B 249/B 249M.

12. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

- 12.1 The dimensions and tolerances for material covered by this specification shall be as prescribed in the current edition of Specification B 249/B 249M:
 - 12.2 Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Surfaces:
 - 12.2.1 Rod, Round, Hexagonal, Octagonal
 - 12.2.2 Rod, Hot-Rolled, Round
 - 12.2.3 Rod. As-Extruded
 - 12.2.4 Bar, Rectangular and Square
 - 12.2.5 Bar, As-Extruded
 - 12.3 Length
 - 12.4 Straightness
 - 12.5 Edge Contours

13. Workmanship, Finish and Appearance

13.1 The product shall be free of defects, but blemishes of a nature that do not interfere with the intended application are acceptable.

14. Sampling

- 14.1 Sampling shall be in accordance with Specification B 249/B 249M, except that the heat size is defined as 12 000 lbs (5455 kg) or fraction thereof.
- 14.2 Sample pieces shall be taken from a heat and lot of material processed simultaneously in the same equipment, as follows:

15. Number of Tests and Retests

15.1 Section 9 of Specification B 249/B 249M constitutes a part of this specification.

- 15.2 Test specimens shall be taken from the sample pieces selected in accordance with 14.1.
- 15.2.1 In the case of product shipped in the TB00 or TD04 condition, two test specimens shall be taken from each sample piece. One is to be tested in the as-sampled condition, and one in the precipitation heat-treated condition.
- 15.2.2 In the case of product shipped in the precipitation heat-treated condition, one specimen from each sample shall be tested.
- 15.3 *Retests*—If any lot of material fails to conform to the requirements of this specification as a result of inaccurate heat treatment, new samples of material may be resubmitted for test after proper heat treatment. Only two such reheat treatments shall be permitted.

16. Specimen Preparation

- 16.1 Section 10 of Specification B 249/B 249M constitutes a part of this specification.
- 16.2 *Test Specimens*—Tension test specimens, when required, shall be prepared in a full cross-sectional area if practicable and in the direction of final working unless otherwise specified. Full cross section or machined specimens shall be as specified in Test Methods E 8 or E 8M.
- Note 1—Mechanical property data determined on other than round cross sections, for sizes under 0.125 in., may be compromised and be inaccurate as a result of the stress riser effect on the corner.

17. Test Methods

- 17.1 Section 11 of Specification B 249/B 249M constitutes a part of this specification.
- 17.2 *Chemical Analysis*—The Chemical Composition section is amended to include in the group of chemical analysis techniques, Specification B 194 Annex.
- 17.3 Test methods to be followed for the determination of element(s) resulting from contractural or purchase order agreement shall be agreed upon between the supplier and the purchaser.

18. Keywords

18.1 beryllium copper bar; beryllium copper rod; copper beryllium bar; copper beryllium rod; UNS Alloy No. C17000; UNS Alloy No. C17300

TABLE 3 Precipitation Heat-Treated Mechanical Property Requirements $^{\!\scriptscriptstyle A}$

Elongation		in $4 \times D^B$,	min, %	4	က	2	7	4				
		Rockwell	Scale	36–42	36–42	39–45	38–44	37–44				
			МРа	1000	006	1100	1070	1000				
	C17200 and C17300	00 and C17300	00 and C17300	00 and C17300	00 and C17300	Yield Strength,	offset, ksi	145	130	160	155	145
Э.	C172		МРа	1140-1380 ^C	1140-1380 ^C		1240–1520 ^C	175–215 ^C 1210–1480 ^C				
Copper Alloy UNS No.		Tensile	ksi ksi	165–200 ^C	165–200 ^C	185–225 ^C	180–220 ^C	175–215 ^C				
Coppe		Rockwell	C Scale	32–39	32–39	35-41	35-41	34–39				
	C17000	C17000			МРа	860	860	1000	1000	930		
			Yield Strength,	offset, ksi	125	125	145	145	135			
			Tensile	MPa	1030-1310 ^C	1030–1310 ^C	170-210 ^C 1210-1450 ^C	1170-1450 ^C	1140–1380 ^C			
		Tensile	- Suerigiii, ksi	150-190 ^c 1	150-190 ^c	170–210 ^C	170-210 ^C	165–200 ^C				
		Diameter of Maximum Distance Between Parallel Surfaces	mm	up to 76.2	over 76.2	up to 1	over 1 to 25.4, incl.	over 1 to 3, incl. over 25.4 to 76.2, incl. $165200^{\mathcal{C}}$ 1140–1380 $^{\mathcal{C}}$				
		Between F	ë	up to 3, incl.	over 3	up to %, incl.	over % to 1, incl.	over 1 to 3, incl.				
Temper Designation		Former		TF00 Solution heat up to 3, incl.	treated (AT)	Hard (HT)						
Temper	Standard			TF00		TH04						

 $^{\rm A}$ These values apply to standard qualification heat treatment, see 8.1. $^{\rm B}$ 4 \times D = 4 \times diameter. $^{\rm C}$ The upper limits in the tensile strength column are for design guidance only.

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TABLE 4 Standard Precipitation Heat Treatment Time for Acceptance Tests

Temper Designation		Diameter or I		
Standard	Former	Parallel Surfaces, in.		Time at 600 to 675°F,
Oldinadi a	. c.me.	in.	mm	h
TB00	Solution heat treated (A)	all sizes	all sizes	3
TD04	Hard (H)	up to ¾, incl.	up to 19.1, incl.	2
		over 3/4	over 19.1	3

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee B05 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B 196/B 196M – 03) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved April 1, 2007.)

- (1) Corrected the metric values in Section 10, Table 2, and Table 3 and changed the chemistry in Table 1 to correspond to the CDA chemistry.
- (2) In 4.2.1 the definition for *grain count* was eliminated as it does not appear in the standard.
- (3) Definitions for *Heat* and *Lot* in Section 14 were moved to

Section 4, but no change was made to definitions.

- (4) Section 18 was a redundant portion of Section 3 and was removed. The following section was renumbered.
- (5) In Table 2 there was an overlap in the metric equivalent values 10 to 26 (incl.) and over 25 to 75 mm. This was corrected to the proper 10-25 incl. and over 25 to 75.

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