

Designation: F 256 – 94 (Reapproved 1999)

Standard Specification for Chromium-Iron Sealing Alloys with 18 or 26 Percent Chromium¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 256; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers two chromium-iron alloys, the former, (UNS K91800), nominally 18 % chromium, balance iron, the latter, (UNS K92801), nominally 28 % chromium, in strip, bar, wire, and rod forms intended primarily for sealing to glass in electronic applications.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.3 The following hazard caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Sections 16 and 17, of this specification. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: ²
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
- E 3 Methods of Preparation of Metallographic Specimens
- E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E 38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys
- E 228 Test Method for Linear Thermal Expansion of Solid Materials with a Vitreous Silica Dilatometer
- F 14 Practice for Making and Testing Reference Glass-Metal Bead-Seal
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of Committee F01 on Electronics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F01.03 on Metallic Materials.
- Current edition approved April 15, 1994. Published June 1994. Originally published as F 256 51 T. Last previous edition F 256 72 (1989) $^{\rm e1}$. Consolidated with F 257 in 1972.
- ² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- F 140 Practice for Making Reference Glass-Metal Butt Seals and Testing for Expansion Characteristics by Polarimetric Methods
- F 144 Practice for Making Reference Glass-Metal Sandwich Seal and Testing for Expansion Characteristics by Polarimetric Methods

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *bar*:
- 3.1.1.1 hot-finished rounds, squares, and hexagons, ½ in. (6.4 mm) and over in diameter or size.
- 3.1.1.2 hot-finished flats, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. to 10 in. (6.4 to 254 mm), inclusive, in width and $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3.2 mm) and over in thickness.
- 3.1.1.3 cold-finished rounds, squares, octagons, hexagons and shapes, over $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) in diameter or size.
- 3.1.1.4 cold-finished flats, $\frac{3}{8}$ in. (9.5 mm) and over in width and $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3.2 mm) and over in thickness (see Discussions).

Discussion—Widths less than $\frac{3}{8}$ in. (9.5 mm) and thicknesses less than $\frac{3}{16}$ in. (4.8 mm) are generally described as flat wire

Discussion—Thicknesses of ½ in. (3.2 mm) to under ½ in. (4.8 mm) can also be described as cold-rolled strip or, if in cut lengths, bar.

- 3.1.2 *rod*—hot-rolled, or hot-rolled, annealed, and pickled, rounds, squares, octagons, hexagons and shapes, in coils, for subsequent cold drawing or cold rolling, ½ in. or ¾ in. (6.4 or 19.0 mm) in diameter or size.
- 3.1.3 *strip*—cold-finished coils or cut lengths, under 24 in. (610 mm) down to and including $\frac{3}{16}$ in. (4.8 mm) in width, and under $\frac{3}{16}$ in. down to and including 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) in thickness.
- 3.1.4 No. 1 edge—a rolled edge either round or square as specified.
 - 3.1.5 *No. 3 edge*—an edge produced by slitting.
- 3.1.6 *No.* 5 *edge*—an approximately square edge produced by rolling or filing after slitting.

Discussion—Cold-finished product 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) in thickness and under 24 in. (609.6 mm) in width is sometimes identified as foil.

3.1.7 wire:

- 3.1.7.1 cold finished only, round or square, ½ in. (12.7 mm) and under in diameter or size.
- 3.1.7.2 cold finished only, flat wire of 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) to under 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in width and 0.010 in. (0.25 mm) to under ³/₁₆ in. (4.8 mm) in thickness.

4. Classification

- 4.1 The alloys covered by this specification are classified by nominal chemical composition, specifically by chromium content, in two types:
 - 4.1.1 Type I—18 % chromium (UNS K91800) and
 - 4.1.2 *Type II*—28 % chromium (UNS K92801).

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:
 - 5.1.1 Quantity (weight (Note 1) or number of pieces),
 - 5.1.2 Name of material (chromium-iron alloy),
 - 5.1.3 Type (Section 4),
 - 5.1.4 Form (Section 3),
 - 5.1.5 Temper and finish (Section 7),
- 5.1.6 Permissible variations in dimensions for rod (Section
 - 5.1.7 Certification if required (Section 21),
 - 5.1.8 Packaging required (Section 22),
 - 5.1.9 Dimensions (width, thickness, diameter, etc.),
 - 5.1.10 ASTM designation: F 256, and
- 5.1.11 Exceptions to the specification or special requirements.
- Note 1—The term "weight" is temporarily used in this standard because of established trade usage. The word is used to mean both "force" and" mass," and care must be taken to determine which is meant in each case (SI unit for force = newton and for mass = kilogram).
- 5.2 If possible, the intended end use of the item should be given on the purchase order especially when the item is ordered for a specific end use or uses. Such information will enable the manufacturer to produce a material more satisfactory for the purchaser's process and product.
- Note 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 2000 kg, chromium-iron alloy. Type II, wire, annealed, cold drawn, commercial packaging, 1/4 in. (6.4 mm) round by coil, ASTM F 256, end use-redraw.

6. Process

6.1 The purchaser shall specify that the alloy be made by one or more of the following processes: electric-arc, electricinduction, or other process approved by the purchaser.

7. Temper and Finish

- 7.1 The desired temper of the material shall be specified on the purchase order as follows:
 - 7.1.1 Annealed for forming (strip),
 - 7.1.2 Annealed for deep drawing (strip),
- 7.1.3 Cold rolled or cold drawn to a specified mechanical property level, or
 - 7.1.4 As hot rolled.
- 7.2 The desired surface of the material shall be specified on the purchase order as follows:
 - 7.2.1 Pickled.

- 7.2.2 Cold drawn (wire and bar),
- 7.2.3 Centerless ground (wire and bar), or
- 7.2.4 Cold rolled (strip).

8. Chemical Composition

8.1 The material shall conform to the chemical composition specified in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Note 1—Round observed or calculated values to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the limiting value, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

| Element | Compos | ition, % |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Liement | Type I | Type II |
| Carbon, max | 0.08 | 0.12 |
| Manganese, max | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Silicon, max | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| Phosphorus, max | 0.040 | 0.040 |
| Sulfur, max | 0.030 | 0.030 |
| Chromium, nominal | 18.0 | 28.0 |
| Nickel, max | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| Nitrogen, max | | 0.20 |
| Titanium | Α | |
| Iron | remainder | remainder |

^AFive times the carbon content, minimum, and 0.60, max.

- 8.2 Ladle Analysis—A ladle analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentages of the elements specified in Table 1. The analysis shall be made from test castings made during the pouring of the heat. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1.
- 8.3 Check Analysis—If check analysis is made by the purchaser, the chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1 subject to the permissible tolerances of Table 2.

TABLE 2 Check Analysis Tolerances

| Element | Tolerances over maxi- mum or under minimum limits, percentage points |
|------------|--|
| Carbon | 0.01 |
| Manganese | 0.03 |
| Phosphorus | 0.005 |
| Sulfur | 0.005 |
| Silicon | 0.05 |
| Nickel | 0.03 |
| Nitrogen | 0.01 |
| Titanium | 0.05 |

9. Chemical Analysis

- 9.1 Chemical analysis shall be made in accordance with Method E 38 or equivalent methods.
- **10.** Thermal Expansion Requirements Thermal Expansion Requirements
- 10.1 The material shall conform to the thermal expansion requirements prescribed in Table 3.

TABLE 3 Thermal Expansion Requirements^{A,B}

| Temperature Range,° C | Mean Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion, μm/m .°C | | |
|--------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | UNS K91800 | UNS K92801 | |
| 30 to 530 | 11.3 to 11.7 | 10.8 to 11.4 | |

ATypical thermal expansion data for the alloys covered by this specification are given for information only in the Appendix.

11. Mechanical Property Requirements

11.1 The material shall conform to the mechanical property requirements prescribed in Table 4. Rockwell hardness shall be

TABLE 4 Mechanical Property Requirements^A

| Thickness, in. (mm) | Rockwell Hardness (or equivalent) - | Tensile Strength, max. | |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|
| | (max) | ksi | MPa |
| Under 0.015 (0.38) | | 85 | 590 |
| 0.015 (0.38) to 1 (25.4), incl | B 85 | | |
| Over 1 (25.4) | B 88 | | |

^AApplicable to strip in the annealed condition only. All other mechanical properties as agreed upon between purchaser and manufacturer.

determined in accordance with Test Method E 18.

12. Transformation Requirements

12.1 The material shall show no evidence of transformation to martensite. For Type I alloy, the austenite formed during heat treating will transform to martensite at or above room temperature. The presence of austenite, as may be noted in Type II alloy, is acceptable if the thermal expansion requirement is met.

13. Permissible Variations in Dimensions

- 13.1 Material furnished under this specification, except rod, shall conform to the dimensional requirements of Tables 5-15.
- 13.2 Permissible variations in dimensions for rod for redrawing or rerolling shall be as agreed upon between purchaser and manufacturer.

TABLE 5 Permissible Variations in Size of Cold-Finished Round **Bars**

| Specified Size, in. | Permissible Variations from Specified Size, in. (mm) ^{A,B} | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| (11111) | Over | Under | | | |
| Over ½ (12.7) to 1 (25.4), excl | 0.002 (0.05) | 0.002 (0.05) | | | |
| 1 (25.4) to 1½ (38.1), excl | 0.0025 (0.064) | 0.0025 (0.064) | | | |
| 1½ (38.1) to 4 (101.6), incl ^C | 0.003 (0.08) | 0.003 (0.08) | | | |

A Unless otherwise specified, size tolerances are over and under as shown in the above table. When required, however, they may be specified all over and nothing under, or all under and nothing over, or any combination of over and under, if the total spread in size tolerance for a specified size is not less than the total spread shown in the table.

TABLE 6 Permissible Variations in Length of Hot-Finished or Cold-Finished Bars A

| Specified Size of | Permissible Variations in Length, in. (mm) | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|--|-------|--|
| Rounds, Squares, Hexagons, Octagons, and Widths of Flats, in. (mm) ^B | | ths up to 7 m), incl | For Lengths over 12 ft (3.7 m), to 25 ft (7.6 m), incl | | |
| () | Over | Under | Over | Under | |
| To 2 (50.8), incl | 1/2 (12.7) | 0 | 3/4 (19.0) | 0 | |
| Over 2 (50.8) to 4 (101.6), incl | 3/4 (19.0) | 0 | 1 (25) | 0 | |
| Over 4 (101.6) to 6 (152.4), incl | 1 (25) | 0 | 11/4 (32) | 0 | |
| Over 6 (152.4) to 9 (228.6), incl | 11/4 (32) | 0 | 1½ (38) | 0 | |
| Over 9 (228.6) to 12 (304.8), incl | 1½ (38) | 0 | 2 (51) | 0 | |

^AThe order should specify random lengths or specific lengths. When random lengths are ordered, the length tolerance is not less than 2 ft (609.6 mm). When specific lengths are ordered, Table 8 or Table 9 shall apply.

14. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

14.1 The material shall be commercially smooth and uniform in cross section, composition, and temper; it shall be free of scale corrosion, cracks, seams, scratches, slivers, processing lubricants, and other defects as best commercial practice will

15. Number of Tests and Retests

- 15.1 Test specimens for thermal expansion and phasetransformation requirements shall be selected on the basis of a minimum of one specimen per heat.
- 15.2 Test specimens for mechanical properties shall be selected on the basis of a minimum of one specimen per size, each heat, each lot annealed or otherwise heat treated under the same conditions, and each lot with like processing.
- 15.3 If any test specimen shows defective machining or develops flaws, it may be discarded and another specimen substituted.
- 15.4 If the results of any test lot are not in conformance with the requirements of this specification, such lots may be retreated at the option of the manufacturer. The material shall be acceptable if the results of tests on the retreated material are within the requirements of this specification.

16. Specimen Heat Treatment

- 16.1 The specimens for thermal-expansion and phasetransformation tests shall be heat treated prior to testing as follows:
- 16.1.1 Type I—Heat the specimen to $1200 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C and hold at temperature for 15 min. Air cool to room temperature.
- 16.1.2 Type II—Heat the specimen to $1100 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C and hold at temperature for 15 min. Air cool to room temperature.

17. Test Methods

17.1 Thermal Expansion (Note 3)—After heat treatment of the specimen in accordance with Section 16, determine the thermal expansion characteristics in accordance with Test Method E 228.

Note 3—Although not required, the thermal expansion match between the alloy and a glass may be evaluated by preparing and testing an assembly in accordance with Practices F 14, F 140, or F 144.

^BThese requirements apply to specimens heat treated prior to test in accordance with Section 16.

^B When it is necessary to heat treat or heat treat and pickle after cold finishing, size tolerances are double those shown in the table.

^C Cold-finished bars over 4 in. (101.6 mm) in diameter are produced; size tolerances for such bars have not been evolved.

BThe maximum width of bar flats is 10 in. (254.0 mm).

TABLE 7 Permissible Variations in Straightness of Machine-Straightened Hot-Finished or Cold-Finished Bars

Measure the length of the maximum gap between the bar and a straightedge of appropriate length when the straightedge is laid along the length of the bar on its concave side. Unless otherwise specified, hot-finished or cold-finished bars for machining purposes are furnished machine straightened to the following tolerances (maximum gap length), in in. (mm):

Hot-Finished

 $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3.2 mm) in any 5 ft (1.5 m), but may not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3.2 mm)× length in ft (m)/5 ft (1.5 m)

1/16 in. (1.6 mm) in any 5 ft (1.5 mm), but may not exceed 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) \times length in ft (m)/5 ft (1.5 mm)

TABLE 8 Diameter and Out-of-Round Tolerances for Round Wire (Drawn, Polished, Centerless Ground, Centerless Ground and $\mathbf{Polished})^{A,B,C}$

| Cracified Diameter in (mm) | Diameter Tolerance | e, in. (mm) |
|---|--------------------|----------------|
| Specified Diameter, in. (mm) | Over | Under |
| 0.5000 (12.700) | 0.0020 (0.051) | 0.0020 (0.051) |
| Under 0.5000 (12.700) to 0.3125 (7.938), incl | 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.0015 (0.038) |
| Under 0.3125 (7.938) to 0.0440 (1.118), incl | 0.0010 (0.025) | 0.0010 (0.025) |
| Under 0.0440 (1.118) to 0.0330 (0.838), incl | 0.0008 (0.020) | 0.0008 (0.020) |
| Under 0.0330 (0.838) to 0.0240 (0.610), incl | 0.0005 (0.013) | 0.0005 (0.013) |
| Under 0.0240 (0.610) to 0.0120 (0.305), incl | 0.0004 (0.010) | 0.0004 (0.010) |
| Under 0.0120 (0.305) to 0.0080 (0.203), incl | 0.0003 (0.008) | 0.0003 (0.008) |
| Under 0.0080 (0.203) to 0.0048 (0.122), incl | 0.0002 (0.005) | 0.0002 (0.005) |
| Under 0.0048 (0.122) to 0.0030 (0.076), incl | 0.0001 (0.003) | 0.0001 (0.003) |

A Diameter tolerances are over and under as given in this table. Also, round wire can be produced to tolerances all over and nothing under, or all under and nothing over, or any combination over and under, if the total spread in diameter tolerances for a specified diameter is not less than the total spread given in this table.

TABLE 9 Size Tolerances for Drawn Wire in Hexagons, Octagons, and Squares

| Specified Size, in. (mm) ^A | Size Tolerance, in. (mm) | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Over | Under | | |
| 1/2 (12.7) | 0 | 0.004 (0.10) | | |
| Under ½ (12.7) to 5/16 (7.9), incl | 0 | 0.003 (0.08) | | |
| Under 5/16 (7.9) to 1/8 (3.2), incl | 0 | 0.002 (0.05) | | |

A Distance across flats.

17.2 Transformation—Cut the specimen from any part of the material, preferably including the entire cross section, degrease it, and then heat treat it as described in Section 16. When cool, polish the cross section of the specimen and etch in accordance with Methods E 3 (Note 4). Examine the specimen at a magnification of 150× for the presence of the acicular crystals of the martensite phase. Because these crystals may occur only in small localized areas, examine carefully the entire polished cross section.

Note 4-A suggested etchant is a solution of 3 parts by volume of concentrated hydrochloric acid and 1 part by volume of concentrated nitric acid saturated with cupric chloride (CuCl₂·2H₂O). This etchant is more effective when allowed to stand for 20 min after mixing. After several hours it loses its strength and should be discarded at the end of the day. Etching is best accomplished by swabbing the specimen with cotton soaked with the etchant. Etching is usually complete when the surface of the metal appears to have turned dull.

17.3 Mechanical and Physical Properties—Determine tensile strength in accordance with Test Methods A 370.

18. Inspection

18.1 Inspection of the material by the purchaser may be made at the manufacturer's plant and shall be made as agreed upon by the purchaser and the seller as part of the purchase contract.

19. Rejection

19.1 Unless otherwise specified, any rejection based on tests made in accordance with this specification shall be reported to the manufacturer. Disposition of rejected material shall be a matter of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

19.2 Material that shows injurious defects subsequent to its acceptance at the manufacturer's works will be rejected, and the manufacturer shall be notified so disposition of the material can be effected.

20. Rehearing

20.1 Specimens tested in accordance with this specification that represent rejected material shall be preserved for 3 weeks from the date of the test report. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the tests, the manufacturer may make claim for a rehearing within that time.

21. Certification

21.1 Upon request of the purchaser in the contract or order, a manufacturer's certification that the material was manufactured and tested in accordance with the requirements of the

^B The maximum out-of-round tolerance for round wire is one half of the total size tolerance given in this table.

^C When it is necessary to heat treat after cold finishing because of special mechanical property requirements, tolerances are commonly double those shown.

TABLE 10 Length Tolerances for Round, Straightened and Cut Wire, Exact-Length Resheared Wire

| Charified Diameter in (nom) | Langeth ft (m) | Tolerance, in. (mm) | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| Specified Diameter, in. (mm) | Length, ft (m) | Over | Under |
| 0.125 (3.18) and under | Up to 12 (3.7), incl | 1/16 (1.6) | 0 |
| 0.125 (3.18) and under | Over 12 (3.7) | 1/8 (3.2) | 0 |
| Over 0.125 (3.18) to 0.500 (12.70), incl | Under 3 (0.9) | 1/32 (0.8) | 0 |
| Over 0.125 (3.18) to 0.500 (12.70), incl | 3 (0.9) to 12 (3.7), incl | 1/16 (1.6) | 0 |
| Over 0.125 (3.18) to 0.500 (12.70), incl | Over 12 (3.7) | 1/8 (3.2) | 0 |

TABLE 11 Size Tolerances for Wire for Which the Final Operation is a Surface Treatment for the Purpose of Removing Scale or Drawing Lubricant

| | | Tolerance, in. (mm) | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Specified Size, in. (mm) | Over | Under | | |
| 1/2 (12.7) | 0.004 (0.10) | 0.004 (0.10) | | |
| Under ½ (12.7) to 5/16 (7.9), incl | 0.003 (0.08) | 0.003 (0.08) | | |
| Under 5/16 (7.9) to 0.044 (1.12), incl | 0.002 (0.05) | 0.002 (0.05) | | |
| Under 0.044 (1.12) to 0.033 (0.84), incl | 0.0013 (0.033) | 0.0013 (0.033) | | |
| Under 0.033 (0.84) to 0.024 (0.61), incl | 0.0008 (0.020) | 0.0008 (0.020) | | |

TABLE 12 Thickness Tolerances for Cold-Rolled Strip A,B,C

| TABLE 12 THIOMICS TOLERANDES TO COM HORICA CHIP | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Thickness Tolerances for Given Range of Width, Over and Under, in. (mm) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Width, i | in. (mm) | | | |
| Specified Thickness, in. (mm) | ³ / ₁₆ (4.8) incl, to 1 (25.4), excl | 1 (25.4) incl, to 3 (76.2), excl | 3 (76.2) incl, to 6 (152.4), incl | Over 6 (152.4) to 9 (228.6), incl | Over 9 (228.6) to 12 (304.8), incl | Over 12 (304.8) to 16 (406.4), incl | Over 16 (406.4) to 20 (508), incl | Over 20 (508) to 24 (610), excl |
| Under ¾6 (4.8) to 0.161 (4.09), incl 0.160 (4.06) to 0.100 (2.54), incl 0.099 (2.52) to 0.069 (1.75), incl 0.068 (1.73) to 0.050 (1.27), incl 0.049 (1.24) to 0.040 (1.02), incl 0.039 (0.99) to 0.035 (0.89), incl | 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) | 0.003 (0.076) 0.002 (0.051) 0.002 (0.051) 0.002 (0.051) 0.002 (0.051) 0.002 (0.051) | 0.003 (0.08) 0.0025 (0.064) | 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) | 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) | 0.005 (0.13) 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) 0.003 (0.08) | 0.006 (0.15) 0.005 (0.13) 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.003 (0.08) | 0.006 (0.15) 0.005 (0.13) 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.004 (0.10) 0.003 (0.08) |
| 0.034 (0.86) to 0.029 (0.74), incl 0.028 (0.71) to 0.026 (0.66), incl 0.025 (0.64) to 0.020 (0.51), incl 0.019 (0.48) to 0.017 (0.43), incl 0.016 (0.41) to 0.013 (0.33), incl 0.012 (0.30) 0.011 (0.28) 0.010 (0.25) | 0.001 (0.025) 0.001 (0.025) 0.001 (0.025) 0.001 (0.025) 0.001 (0.025) | ` ' | , , | 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.0015 (0.038) 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.0015 (0.038) 0.0015 (0.038) 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.0025 (0.064) 0.0025 (0.064) 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.0025 (0.064) 0.002 (0.05) 0.002 (0.05) 0.0015 (0.038) 0.0015 (0.038) |

A For thicknesses under 0.010 in. (0.25 mm) to 0.005 in. (0.13 mm), incl, in widths up to and including 16 in. (406.4 mm), a tolerance of ±10 % of the thickness applies. For thicknesses under 0.010 in. (0.25 mm) to 0.005 in. (0.13 mm), incl, in width over 16 in. (406.4 mm) to 24 in. (609.6 mm), excl, a tolerance of ±15 % of the thickness

specification for chemical analysis, mechanical properties, and expansion characteristics, together with a report of the test results, shall be furnished at the time of shipment.

22. Packaging and Package Marking

- 22.1 Packaging shall be subject to agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.
- 22.2 The material as furnished under this specification shall be identified by the name or symbol of the manufacturer and by melt number.
- 22.3 Protective coatings present on the material as shipped shall be readily removable by any of the common organic degreasing solvents, for example, trichloroethylene.

23. Keywords

23.1 glass-to-metal sealing; iron-chromium alloys; UNS K91800; UNS K92801

^B Thickness measurements are taken at least ¾ in. (9.5 mm) in from edge of the strip, except that on widths less than 1 in. (25.4 mm) the tolerances are applicable for measurements at all locations.

^C The above tolerances do not include crown tolerances.

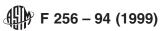


TABLE 13 Crown Tolerances for Cold-Rolled Strip ^A

| | Additional Thickness at Middle of Strip Over That Shown in Table 12 for Edge | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Measur | ement, for Given Range of Width | s, in. (mm) | |
| Specified Thickness, in. (mm) | Width, in. (mm) | | | |
| | | Over 5 (127.0) to | Over 12 (304.8) to | |
| | To 5 (127.0), incl | 12 (304.8), incl | 24 (609.6), excl | |
| 0.005 (0.13) to 0.010 (0.25), incl | 0.00075 (0.0190) | 0.001 (0.03) | 0.0015 (0.038) | |
| Over 0.010 (0.25) to 0.025 (0.64), incl | 0.001 (0.03) | 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.002 (0.05) | |
| Over 0.025 (0.64) to 0.065 (1.65), incl | 0.0015 (0.038) | 0.002 (0.05) | 0.0025 (0.064) | |
| Over 0.065 (1.65) to 3 / 16 (4.8), excl | 0.002 (0.05) | 0.0025 (0.064) | 0.003 (0.08) | |
| | | | | |

^A Cold-rolled strip may be thicker at the middle than at the edges by the amounts given in this table.

TABLE 14 Width Tolerances for Cold-Rolled Strip of Edge Numbers 1, 3, and 5

| | Ec | Edge Numbers 1 and 5 | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--|
| Specified Edge | Charified Width in (man) | Charified Thickness in (mm) | Width Tolerance, in. (mm) | | |
| Number | Specified Width, in. (mm) | Specified Thickness, in. (mm) | Over | Under | |
| 1 and 5 | % ₃₂ (7.1) and under | 1/16 (1.6) and under | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.005 (0.13) | |
| 1 and 5 | Over %2 (7.1) to 3/4 (19.0), incl | 3/32 (2.4) and under | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.005 (0.13) | |
| 1 and 5 | Over ¾ (19.0) to 5 (127.0), incl | 1/8 (3.2) and under | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.005 (0.13) | |
| 5 | Over 5 (127.0) to 9 (228.6), incl | 1/8 (3.2) to 0.008 (0.20), incl | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.010 (0.25) | |
| 5 | Over 9 (228.6) to 20 (508.0), incl | 0.105 (2.67) to 0.015 (0.38) | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.010 (0.25) | |
| 5 | Over 20 (508.0) to 24 (609.6), excl | 0.080 (2.03) to 0.023 (0.58) | 0.015 (0.38) | 0.015 (0.38) | |

| | | Width Toleran | ce for Given Range | of Width, Over and U | nder, in. (mm) | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Specified Thickness, in. (mm) | Under 1/2 | | Over 6 (152.4) | Over 9 (228.6) | Over 12 Over 20 | |
| Specified Trickness, III. (IIIII) | (12.7) to 3/16 | (12.7) to $\%_{16}$ | (508.0) to 24 | | | |
| | (4.8), incl | (152.4), incl | incl | incl | (508.0), incl | (609.6), excl |
| Under 3/16 (4.8) to 0.161 (4.09), incl | · | 0.016 (0.41) | 0.020 (0.51) | 0.020 (0.51) | 0.031 (0.79) | 0.031 (0.79) |
| 0.160 (4.06) to 0.100 (2.54), incl | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.016 (0.41) | 0.016 (0.41) | 0.020 (0.51) | 0.020 (0.51) |
| 0.099 (2.52) to 0.069 (1.75), incl | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.008 (0.20) | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.016 (0.41) | 0.020 (0.51) |
| 0.068 (1.73) and under | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.005 (0.13) | 0.010 (0.25) | 0.016 (0.41) | 0.020 (0.51) |

TABLE 15 Length and Camber Tolerances for Cold-Rolled Strip

| Length To | lerances | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--|
| | Tolerance over Specified | | |
| Specified Length, ft (m) | Length, in. (mm) | | |
| | Over | Under | |
| To 5 (1.5), incl | 3/8 (9.5) | 0 | |
| Over 5 (1.5) to 10 (3.0), incl | 1/2 (12.7) | 0 | |
| Over 10 (3.0) to 20 (6.1), incl | 5/8 (15.9) | 0 | |
| Camber To | lerances ^A | | |
| | Tolerance | Per Unit | |
| Specified Width, in. (mm) | Length of Any 8-ft | | |
| Specilled Width, Int. (MM) | (2.4-m) Length, in. | | |
| | (mm | 1) | |
| To 1 ½ (38.1), incl | 1/2 (12.7) | | |
| Over 1 ½ (38.1) to 24 (609.6), excl | 1/4 (6 | .4) | |

^ACamber is the deviation of a side edge from a straight line. To measure camber: place an 8-ft (2.438-m) straightedge on the concave side and measure the greatest distance between the strip edge and the straightedge.

APPENDIX

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. THERMAL EXPANSION

X1.1 Table X1.1 presents typical thermal expansion data only and not as a basis of purchase. useful for curve plotting. It is included here for information-

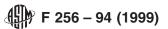


TABLE X1.1 Typical Values of Linear Coefficient of Thermal Expansion

| Temperature Range, °C - | Mean Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion, µm/m.°C | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------|--|
| 0 – | UNS K91800 | UNS K92801 | |
| 30 to 200 | 9.9 | 10.0 | |
| 30 to 300 | 10.9 | 10.3 | |
| 30 to 400 | 11.2 | 10.6 | |
| 30 to 500 | 11.5 | 10.9 | |
| 30 to 600 | 11.5 | 11.2 | |
| 30 to 700 | | 11.6 | |
| 30 to 800 | | 11.6 | |
| 30 to 900 | ••• | 12.8 | |

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